# The Art and Technology Behind Bioshock's Special Effects

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#### **Presentation Overview**

- Iterative Workflow Between Art and Tech
- Lit Particles
- Bioshock's Water: An Artist's Perspective
- Technology Behind Interactive Waterfalls
- Water Caustics
- Interactive Rippling Water System
- Optimization Case Study: Bioshock's Fire

# Art and Tech Iterative Workflow



## The FX Closet



# Why Lit Particles?

High contrast lighting environments
Numerous atmospheric effects



44 cur FP 30 avg FP 21 min FP





#### **Technical Challenges With Lit Particles**

- Must be rendered in a single pass
- Need to satisfy very high performance requirements
- Potential for shader permutation issues



#### Lit Particles: Iteration 1

- Light attenuation done per vertex
- Static branching used to accumulate multiple lights in vertex shader
- Attenuated color interpolated via single float3
- Per vertex approximation typically good for highly tessellated geometry

#### Lit Particles: Iteration 2

Problems with iteration 1:

 Particles too dark in total darkness
 Particles too bight in bright environments

#### Solutions

Used maximum of new ambient term, vertex lighting

- Not ambient + lighting
- Scale RGB down if any component over 1.0
  - newRGB = oldRGB / (1.0 + max(0.0, maxRGBChannelValue
    -1.0));



31 cur FP 30 avg FP 27 min FP





32 cur FPI 30 avg FP 28 min FP vsync dn

29-959 Machine Gun Rounds

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#### Lit Particles: Iteration 3

Big need for per pixel lighting

Specular highlights
Avoid painting highlights into textures

First prototype: 1 per pixel light

Remaining lights used per vertex lighting
Two new interpolators: per pixel direction and per pixel color

1-

SMASH the DEBRIS blocking the door.

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#### Lit Particles: Iteration 4

- Numerous issues with iteration 3
  - Popping
  - Washed out lighting
  - Heavily interpolator limited
- New solution: Averaged per pixel lighting
  - Attenuated color same as before
  - Light direction for all sources accumulated per vertex
  - Weighted by:
    - Incident angle for each light
    - Magnitude of light's color and attenuation

# Per-Pixel Blood And Foam



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#### Lit Particles: Iteration 5

- Particles would be dark depending on lighting direction
- Implemented fake light

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4-1 Pistol Rounds

31 cur FP [DEBUG: Illumination will not affect vision]avg FP



# Lit Particles: Final Thoughts

Performance limitationsPerformance benefits









## Water: An Artist's Perspective

- Underwater game? Probably need to make water look ok.
- Began using existing tech
- Limitations spawned a variety of art requests









#### **Iteration 1 Texture**





# **Final Implementation Textures**











#### **Interactive Waterfalls: Iteration 1**

Analogous to 1D shadow mapping

- Camera is placed on top of waterfall, pointed down
- Waterfall treated like 2D plane, depth values rendered into 1D row of 2D texture
- Use vertex texture fetch or ATI's R2VB to displace particle splash effects

# E3 Footage



# E3 Footage



#### **Interactive Waterfalls: Iteration 2**

- Added a second 1D shadow map, as seen from the bottom of the waterfall upward – Allowed outlines to be scissored into the waterfall
- Added a simulation step – Gravity!



## Water Caustics

Light that bounces off of water surfaces
Important in creating water atmospherics

# **Caustics: Iteration 1**

# Texture sequence Projectors/Decals used to place effect



## **Caustics:** Iteration 2

1 Diffuse texture, sampled twice

.uv sample + swizzled .vu sample

Diffuse texture UV's offset by separate normal map



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RADILES METRO

# Memory Savings



# **Caustics:** Iteration 3

# Use modulate blend mode Simulates surface brightening

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## Water = Lighting

- Controlling how light hits water surfaces is very important
- Special lighting system extension gave artists precise control over light contributions



#### Interactive Rippling Water

- Considered four basic approaches

   Exposing ripple locations to entire fluid surface shader
  - Dynamically tessellating fluid surfaces around ripple areas using Delaunay Triangulations
     Dynamically tessellating fluid surfaces around
    - ripple areas using real time 2D BSP trees
  - Deferred rendering approach

#### First Approach

- Bind an array of ripple locations to pixel shader
- For each pixel
  - For each ripple
    - Calculate UV's, sample ripple normal map
- Performance of every pixel bound by number of ripples on entire surface

# **Tessellation Approach**

Top Down View Of Water Surface With Tessellated Ripples



#### **Delaunay Triangulation Method**

- Run Delaunay Triangulation using all ripple quad corners
- For each triangle generated
  - Generate UV's for all ripples the triangle intersects
- Batch triangles according to how many ripples they were affected by

# **Issues with Delaunay Method**

Top Down View Of Water Surface With Delaunay Method



#### **BSP** Method

- Build 2D BSP tree using edges of each ripple quad
- Last edge added from ripple quad is flagged to indicate child leafs are affected by that ripple
- Post build, tree could be traversed, adding new geometry for each BSP leaf.

#### **Deferred Rendering Approach**

- Render all ripple info into a 'Ripple Buffer'
  - Same resolution as main color/depth buffers
     Signed FLOAT16 buffer allows normal and diffuse to be stored without MRT
- Store normals in local space to the water surface
- Sample ripple buffer from fluid shaders in screen space













#### **Fire Optimization**

• Having art and tech on the same page during optimizations is priceless!!

#### Fire optimizations:

- Merged multiple particle emitters and lights into single emitters and lights
- Scaled particle size, spawn rates depending on parent object size
   Beduced particle spawn rates where possible
- Reduced particle spawn rates where possible

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#### **Questions**?

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